

SEMESTER S6

RANDOMIZED ALGORITHMS

Course Code	PECST639	CIE Marks	40
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: R)	3:0:0:0	ESE Marks	60
Credits	3	Exam Hours	2 Hrs. 30 Min.
Prerequisites (if any)	GAMAT301 PCCST302 PCCST303 PCCST502	Course Type	Theory

Course Objectives:

1. To equip with the knowledge and skills to design and analyze algorithms that leverage randomness to improve performance, solve complex problems, and achieve better average-case or worst-case guarantees.
2. To provide a deep understanding of advanced randomization techniques and their applications in various domains, including hashing, graph algorithms, probabilistic method, and complexity theory.

SYLLABUS

Module No.	Syllabus Description	Contact Hours
1	Basics of Randomization - Introduction to randomized algorithms, Probabilistic analysis and expectations, Benefits and applications of randomization. (Text 1 - Chapter 1) Probability Review - Basic probability theory, Random variables and distributions, Linearity of expectation. (Text 2 - Chapters 1, 2) Basic Randomized Algorithms - Randomized quicksort, Randomized selection, Randomized data structures. (Text 3 - Sections 5.3, 9.2)	9
2	Randomized Graph Algorithms - Randomized algorithms for graph problems, Minimum cut problems, Randomized algorithms for network flows. (Text 1 - Chapters 5, 6) Hashing and Randomized Data Structures - Universal and perfect hashing, Skip lists, Bloom filters. (Text 3 - Chapter 11)	9

	Markov Chains and Random Walks - Introduction to Markov chains, Random walks on graphs, Applications in randomized algorithms. (Text 2 - Chapters 6, 7)	
3	The Probabilistic Method - Basics of the probabilistic method, Linearity of expectation, First and second-moment methods. (Text 4 - Chapters 1, 2) Chernoff Bounds and Concentration Inequalities - Markov's inequality, Chebyshev's inequality, Chernoff bounds, Applications of concentration inequalities. (Text 1 - Chapter 4)	9
4	Randomized Rounding and Martingales - Randomized rounding techniques, Applications in approximation algorithms, Introduction to martingales, Azuma's inequality. (Text 5 - Chapter 14) Randomized Complexity Classes - RP, ZPP, and BPP, Relationships between complexity classes, Amplification and derandomization techniques (Text 6 - Chapter 7)	9

Course Assessment Method
(CIE: 40 marks, ESE: 60 marks)

Continuous Internal Evaluation Marks (CIE):

Attendance	Assignment/ Microproject	Internal Examination-1 (Written)	Internal Examination- 2 (Written)	Total
5	15	10	10	40

End Semester Examination Marks (ESE)

In Part A, all questions need to be answered and in Part B, each student can choose any one full question out of two questions

Part A	Part B	Total
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 2 Questions from each module. ● Total of 8 Questions, each carrying 3 marks <p style="text-align: center;">(8x3 =24 marks)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Each question carries 9 marks. ● Two questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. ● Each question can have a maximum of 3 subdivisions. <p style="text-align: center;">(4x9 = 36 marks)</p>	60

Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course students should be able to:

Course Outcome		Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)
CO1	Demonstrate a strong understanding of the basics of randomized algorithms, including probabilistic analysis, expectations, and the benefits of randomization	K3
CO2	Illustrate basic randomized algorithms, such as randomized quicksort, selection, and data structures, and evaluate their performance against deterministic alternatives.	K3
CO3	Apply advanced randomized techniques, including randomized graph algorithms, hashing, and Markov chains, to address complex graph and data structure problems.	K3
CO4	Show expertise in probabilistic methods, including Chernoff bounds, concentration inequalities, and randomized rounding, and use these methods to solve approximation and analysis problems in algorithms.	K3
CO5	Understand and apply concepts related to randomized complexity classes, such as RP, ZPP, and BPP, and explore amplification and derandomization techniques.	K3

Note: K1- Remember, K2- Understand, K3- Apply, K4- Analyse, K5- Evaluate, K6- Create

CO-PO Mapping Table (Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3									2
CO2	3	3	3									2
CO3	3	3	3									2
CO4	3	3	3									2
CO5	3	3	3									2

Note: 1: Slight (Low), 2: Moderate (Medium), 3: Substantial (High), -: No Correlation

Text Books				
Sl. No	Title of the Book	Name of the Author/s	Name of the Publisher	Edition and Year
1	Randomized Algorithms	Rajeev Motwani and Prabhakar Raghavan	Cambridge University Press	1/e, 2004
2	Probability and Computing: Randomization and Probabilistic Techniques in Algorithms and Data Analysis	Michael Mitzenmacher and Eli Upfal	Cambridge University Press	3/e, 2017
3	Introduction to Algorithms	Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein	The MIT Press	4/e, 2023
4	The Probabilistic Method	Noga Alon and Joel H. Spencer	Wiley-Blackwell	4/e 2016
5	Approximation Algorithms	Vijay V. Vazirani	Springer Nature (SIE)	2/e, 2013
6	Computational Complexity: A Modern Approach	Sanjeev Arora and Boaz Barak	Cambridge University Press	1/e, 2019

Reference Books				
Sl. No	Title of the Book	Name of the Author/s	Name of the Publisher	Edition and Year
1	Concentration of Measure for the analysis of randomized algorithms	Devdatt Dubhashi and Alessandro Panconesi	Cambridge University Press	1/e, 2012
2	The design of approximation algorithms	David Williamson and David Shmoys	Cambridge University Press	1/e, 2011
3	Algorithms	Robert Sedgewick and Kevin Wayne	Addison-Wesley	4/e, 2023

Video Links (NPTEL, SWAYAM...)	
No.	Link ID
1	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103187/